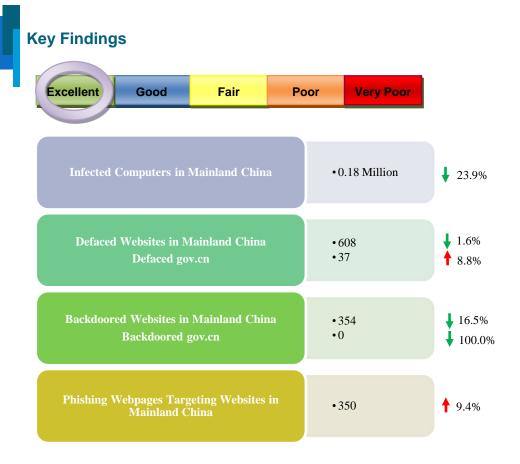
CNCERT/CC

Weekly Report of CNCERT

Issue 6 2019 Feb 4-Feb10



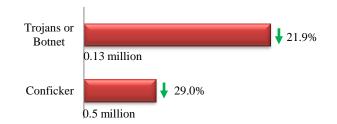


= marks the same number as last week; 🛉 marks an increase from last week; 🚽 marks a decrease from last week



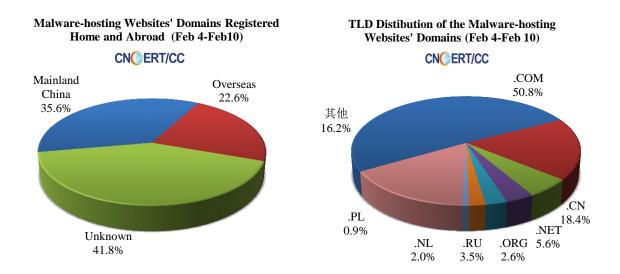
Malware Activities

The infected computers in mainland China amounted to about 0.18 million, among which about 0.13 million were controlled by Trojans or Botnets and about 0.5 million by Confickers.





The malware-hosting websites is the jumping-off place for malware propagation. The malware-hosting websites monitored by CNCERT this week involved 2,453 domains and 4,660 IP addresses. Among the 2,453 malicious domains, 22.6% were registered overseas and 50.8% of their TLDs fell into the category of.com. Among the 4,660 malicious IPs, 50.0% were overseas. Based on our analysis of the malware-hosting website's URLs, the majority of them were accessed via domain names, and only 352 were accessed directly via IPs.



In terms of the malicious domain names and IPs either monitored by CNCERT or sourced from the reporting members, CNCERT has actively coordinated the domain registrars and other related agencies to handle them. Moreover, the blacklist of these malicious domains and IPs has been published on the website of Anti Network-Virus Alliance of China (ANVA).



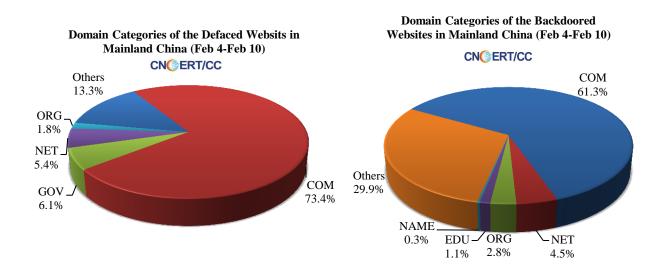


Website Security

This week, CNCERT monitored 608 defaced websites, 354 websites planted with backdoors and 199 phishing web pages targeting websites in mainland China.

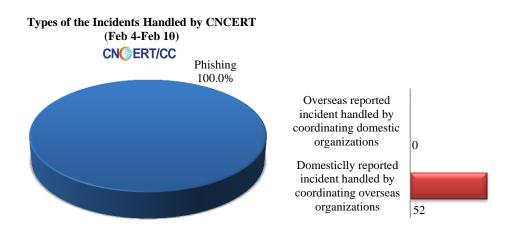


This week, the defaced government (gov.cn) websites totaled 37 (6.1%), an increase of 8.8% from last week. Backdoors were installed into 0 (0.0%) government (gov.cn) websites, a decrease of 100.0% from last week. The fake domains and IP addresses targeting websites in mainland China reached 76 and 36 respectively, with each IP address loading about 6 phishing web pages on average.

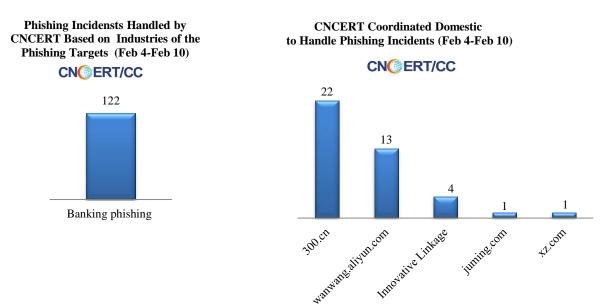


Incident Handling

This week, CNCERT has handled 122 network security incidents, 232 of which were cross-border ones, by coordinating ISPs, domain registrars, mobile phone application stores, branches of CNCERT and our international partners.



Specifically, CNCERT has coordinated domestic and overseas domain registrars, international CERTs and the other organizations to handle 122 phishing incidents. Based on industries that these phishing targets belong to, there were 122 banking phishing incidents.



About CNCERT

The National Computer network Emergency Response Technical Team / Coordination Center of China (CNCERT or CNCERT/CC) is a non-governmental, non-profitable



organization of network security technical coordination. Since its foundation in Sep.2002, CNCERT has dedicated to carrying out the work of preventing, detecting, warning and handling China network security incidents under the policy of "positive prevention, timely detection, prompt response, guaranteed recovery", to maintain the safety of China public Internet and ensure the safe operation of the information network infrastructures and the vital information systems. Branches of CNCERT spread in 31 provinces, autonomous regions and municipalities in mainland China.

CNCERT is active in developing international cooperation and is a window of network security incidents handling to the world. As a full member of the famous international network security cooperative organization FIRST and one of the initiators of APCERT, CNCERT devotes itself to building a prompt response and coordination handling mechanism of cross-border network security incidents. By 2017, CNCERT has established "CNCERT International Partners" relationships with 211 organizations from 72 countries or regions.

Contact us

Should you have any comments or suggestions on the Weekly Report of CNCERT, please contact our editors.

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